7. Campbell & Campbell — 1906

This sandstone structure was built after the original Campbell & Campbell burned in 1906. Campbells had the largest general store in the county. The Campbells closed the store in 1954.



8. Mentzer & Copping Block — 1914

This building is divided into two storefronts separated by rough-faced coursed stone. It has housed the Monarch Drug Co., M.B. Peterson's Tenino Hardware & Furniture and later a grocery store.

9. Bockhold Building-1906

Home of the Tenino Post Office from 1913-1960's.

10. Miller Block — 1906

Over the years has housed The State Bank, a confectionery, meat market, dry goods store, hardware store, and Western Auto to name a few.

11. Tenino Independent Building1914

This is one of the few sandstone buildings to have some alterations of its sandstone ornamentation. Businesses including a saloon, dry goods store and a theatre have occupied this site.

12. Columbia Building — 1909

This structure was built by the Columbia Brewery Co. for a saloon and a storefront. Look for some of its very unique sandstone features.

13. Russell House — 1892

This was originally a small, wooden two-bedroom rectangular house. In 1911, Thomas Russell of the Tenino Stone Co. built an addition to the west side. This house has been maintained with little alteration.

14. Russell Building — circa 1910

Built by the Russell family around 1910, it later became a men's clothing store, then the offices for the telephone company and the headquarters of the Hercules Powder Co. into the 1950's.



15. Masonic Lodge No. 86 — 1921

Mason Lodge No. 86 was organized in 1892. The building's exterior has seen no alteration. The stained-glass transoms and Masonic emblem are original.

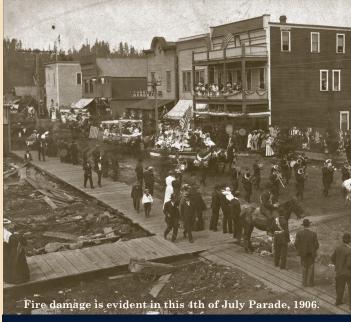
16. Wolf Building — 1909

Built by Tumwater-based Olympia Brewing Company in 1909, it originally housed a saloon in the east storefront. By 1935 the three storefronts had a feed store, barbershop and Puget Power.



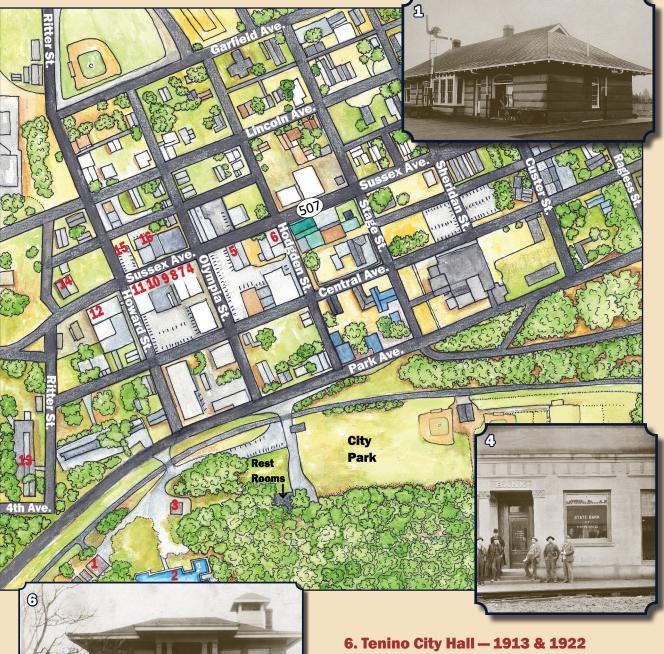
Tenino's Historic Walking Tour

t one time, Tenino looked like any other old west town with dirt roads, wooden storefronts and sidewalks. That all changed when a series of fires struck in 1906, 1908 and 1917. The City Council passed an ordinance following the 1908 conflagration establishing a fire district on both sides of Sussex Avenue stating all new construction must be brick, stone, cement or other fireproof material. From that, Tenino's Historic District was born.









This building was the original Hercules Stone Company's office at Quarry No.1. The city purchased the building. In 1921 it was dismantled and reassembled at its current location.

1. Tenino Depot Museum — 1914

The current building replaced the previous station when the Northern Pacific RR rerouted the Tenino-Tacoma section of track. A new building was designed of Tenino Sandstone.

2. Tenino Stone Company Quarry Site — 1888

From 1888 to 1926 this site was the only Quarry for the Tenino Stone Company and its predecessor, VanTine and Fenton. After WWII the Quarry was acquired by the town, dedicated as a war memorial, and today is used as a popular swimming pool.

3. Tenino Stone Company Quarry House — circa 1900

The Quarry House is the last remaining building from the Tenino Stone Co. It served as the office and once had a stone fireplace, fence and sign. Only the stone porch and columns remain on site.

4. State Bank of Tenino Building — circa 1906

The State Bank of Tenino changed hands in 1915 to become the Citizen's Bank of Tenino. The failure of this bank during the Great Depression inspired the production of wooden money.

5. Puget Sound National Bank1983

This building is sandstone rockfaced in contrast to traditional methods used in 1906-21 for the commercial area. The sandstone came from the old Hercules No. 1 Quarry site.



